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B.E. / B. TECH.DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2024

Fourth Semester

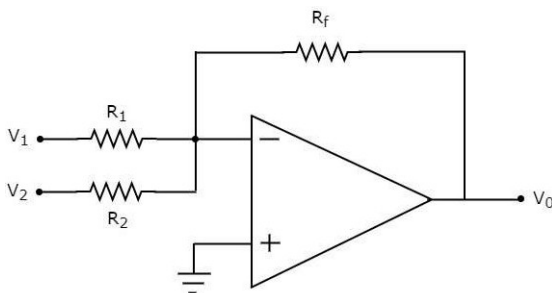
EE22401– ANALOG ELECTRONICS*(Electrical and Electronics Engineering)***(Regulation 2022)****TIME:3 HOURS****MAX. MARKS: 100**

COURSE OUTCOMES	STATEMENT	RBT LEVEL
CO 1	Comprehend the fundamental techniques for fabrications of Monolithic elements and devices.	4
CO 2	Demonstrate the basic applications of Op-amp.	4
CO 3	Construct waveform generation circuits of Op-amp and converters.	4
CO 4	Examine the internal schematic layout and operation of Special ICs.	4
CO 5	Practice with different applications based on Application IC's.	4

PART- A(20x2=40Marks)

(Answer all Questions)

	CO	RBT LEVEL
1. State the importance of SiO ₂ layer in IC fabrication.	1	2
2. The npn transistors are preferred in integrated circuits compared to pnp transistors. Explain Why?	1	3
3. Why inductors are difficult to fabricate in IC?	1	2
4. List the various methods used for depositing thin films.	1	2
5. Mention the techniques to minimize the effect of thermal drift in Op-amp.	2	2
6. Find the maximum frequency for a sine wave output voltage 10V peak with an Op-amp whose slew rate is 2 V/μs.	2	3
7. Find V ₀ for the circuit shown in figure, if R _f =10KΩ,R ₁ =2KΩ,R ₂ =4KΩ.	2	3



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| 8. Draw the frequency response characteristics of an integrator and indicate the part where it behaves as a true integrator. | 2 | 3 |
| 9. State the applications of voltage to current converter. | 3 | 2 |

10.	What are the advantages of active filters over passive filters?	3	2
11.	An AC signal has got a magnitude of 0.1 Volt peak. Suggest the suitable half rectifier for this signal and draw its circuit diagram.	3	4
12.	State the key advantages of R-2R ladder network DAC over Binary weighted resistor DAC.	3	2
13.	What is the function of reset pin in 555 timer?	4	2
14.	Give the expression for the pulse width when 555 timer is used in monostable mode.	4	2
15.	State the problem associated with the switch type phase detector.	4	2
16.	Why VCO is called as voltage to frequency converter?	4	2
17.	What is the purpose of having input and output capacitances in three terminal voltage regulator?	5	2
18.	Give the advantages of switched mode power supply.	5	2
19.	Draw the pin diagram of LM324 single supply quad operational amplifier.	5	2
20.	List the salient features of LM380 power amplifier.	5	2

PART- B (5x 10=50Marks)

		Marks	CO	RBT LEVEL
21. (a)	State the importance of isolation, and explain the different methods of isolation techniques used in IC fabrication.	(10)	1	3
	(OR)			
(b)	Describe the steps involved in the fabrication of monolithic FET.	(10)	1	3
22. (a)	Describe the circuit configuration of non- inverting amplifier using Op-amp and derive the equation for closed loop gain.	(10)	2	3
	(OR)			
(b)	Design a practical differentiator circuit that will differentiate an input signal with $f_{\max}=100\text{Hz}$.	(10)	2	3
23. (a)	(i) Design a phase shift oscillator to generate 10KHz signal.	(5)	3	3
	(ii) Design a second order butterworth high pass filter having lower cutoff frequency of 1KHz.	(5)	3	3
	(OR)			
(b)	Illustrate the working of successive approximation type A/D converter with a neat diagram.	(10)	3	3

24. (a) (i) Design a symmetrical square wave generator of 10KHz using 555 timer (5) 4 3
 (ii) How the monostable multivibrator is used to detect the missing heartbeat. (5) 4 3

(OR)

- (b) (i) Examine the functions of all the basic building blocks of PLL. (5) 4 3
 (ii) Calculate the output frequency f_0 , and lock range f_L of a 565 PLL if (5) 4 3
 $R_T = 10K\Omega$, $C_T = 0.01\mu F$ and $C = 10\mu F$.

25. (a) State the advantages of IC voltage regulator. Describe how the current limit protection and current boosting is achieved in general purpose 723 regulator. (10) 5 3

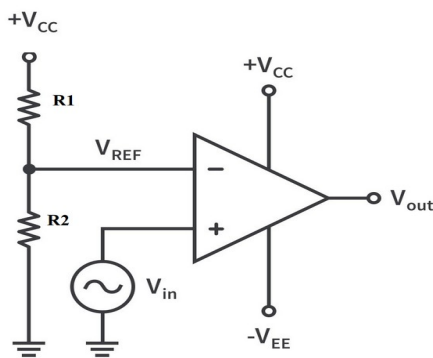
(OR)

- (b) With a neat sketch, illustrate the operation of switched mode power supply. (10) 5 3

PART- C (1x 10=10Marks)

(Q.No.26 is compulsory)

26. (i) In the figure shown below has the $+V_{CC}=15V$, $R_1=14K\Omega$, $R_2=1K\Omega$ and sinusoidal input voltage of 6V peak to peak .Sketch the output waveform. (6) 3 4



- (ii) Draw an adder circuit for the given expression $V_0 = -(0.1V_1 + V_2 + 4V_3)$. (4) 2 4
