Q. Code:812654

# Reg. No.

### **B.E. / B.TECH. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2024** Third -Semester

## **EC18303 – CIRCUIT THEORY**

(Electronics and Communication Engineering)

(Regulation 2018/2018A)

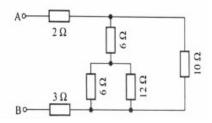
TIME: 3	B HOURS MAX. MARKS:	MAX. MARKS: 100	
COURSE	STATEMENT	RBT	
OUTCOMES		LEVEL	
CO 1	Determine the characteristics of electrical circuits by applying circuit laws	4	
CO 2	Compare the phasor diagram of R, L and C and analyze the AC circuit power	4	
CO 3	Infer the phenomenon of series and parallel resonance in electrical circuits and understand the effect of magnetic coupling between windings	4	
<b>CO 4</b>	Compare the characteristics of RC, RL and RLC circuits for AC and DC inputs and evaluate the two port network parameters	4	
CO 5	Sketch the various network topologies	3	

## **PART-** A (10 x 2 = 20 Marks)

(Answer all Questions)

		CO	RBT LEVEL
1.	When two resistors R1 and R2 are connected in series then the equivalent resistance is	1	2
	25 $\Omega$ and if in parallel equivalent resistance is 6 $\Omega$ . Then find R1 and R2?		

Determine the equivalent resistance between the terminals A and B in following circuit. 2. 2 1



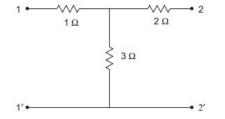
<ul><li>L=5H.Find current in the circuit in polar form?</li><li>4. What is phasor? why phasor concept is required in AC circuit analysis? 2</li></ul>	2
$\Lambda$ What is phasor? why phasor concept is required in $\Lambda C$ circuit analysis? $2$	2
<b>4.</b> What is phasor : why phasor concept is required in AC circuit analysis: 2	
5. A series RLC circuit has R=100 $\Omega$ , X <sub>c</sub> =62.833 $\Omega$ . Find the value of L for resonance at <b>3</b>	3
50Hz.	
6. What is the maximum possible mutual inductance of two inductively coupled coils with 3	2
self-inductances of 400mH and 800mH?	
7. Compute the value of R and L when the current through the RL circuit excited by a 10V 4	4
DC source is given by $i(t) = 2(1-e^{-10t})$ A. Assume zero initial condition.	
8. Find the Z- parameters of the following two port network. 4	2
8. Find the Z- parameters of the following two port network. 4	2

5

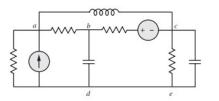
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2

2



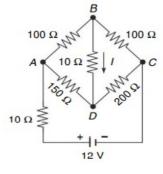
- 9. Find the incidence matrix for the below reduced incidence matrix.
- 10. For the circuit shown below, draw the graph, one tree and its co-tree.



**PART- B (5 x 14 = 70 Marks)** 

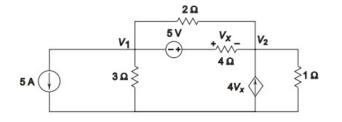
Marks CO RBT LEVEL

11. (a) In the bridge circuit shown below, find the current through 10  $\Omega$  resistor (14) 1 4 across BD using mesh analysis.

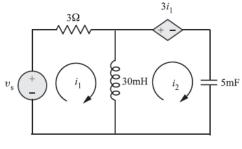




(b) Find the node voltages and voltage  $V_X$  for the following circuit. (14) 1 4

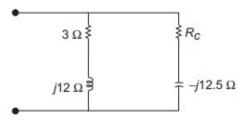


12. (a) Find steady state sinusoidal currents  $i_1$  and  $i_2$  for the circuit shown below, (14) 2 4 when  $V_s = 10\sqrt{2}\cos(100t+45^0)$  V.



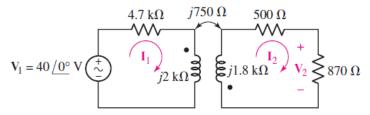
#### (OR)

- (b) Find the node voltages in the circuit shown below? (14) 2 4  $5/0^{\circ}A$  $20/90^{\circ}V$  +  $-j2\Omega$  21  $4\Omega$
- 13. (a) (i) A series RLC circuit consists of R = 100 ohms, L=0.02 H and C=0.02 (7) 3 4 microfarad. Calculate resonance frequency, quality factor, bandwidth and maximum current at resonance if 50V sinusoidal signal is applied.
  - (ii) For the below circuit, determine the value of  $R_c$  for which the given (7) 3 4 circuit resonates

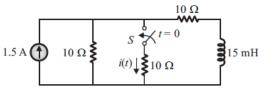




(b) For the given circuit, determine the mesh currents  $I_1$  and  $I_2$ . And also find (14) 3 4 the voltage drop across 870  $\Omega$  resistor.

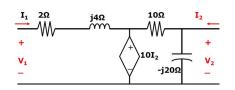


14. (a) In the circuit shown, the switch S is open for a long time and is closed at t (14) 4 4 =0. Determine the current i(t) for  $t \ge 0^+$ .

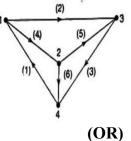


#### (OR)

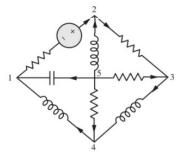
(b) Find the open circuit impedance parameters of the following circuit. (14) 4 4



15. (a) For the given graph, find Incidence matrix (A), Tie-set matrix (B) and (14) 5 4 fundamental cut-set matrix (C).

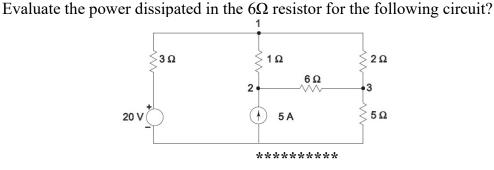


(b) For the given network, determine the incidence matrix(A), Tie-set (14) 5 4 matrix(B), and cut-set matrix(C).



<u>PART- C (1 x 10 = 10 Marks)</u> (Q.No.16 is compulsory)

Marks	CO	RBT LEVEL
(10)	1	5



16.