Q. Code:137250

Reg. No.

# **B.E. / B.TECH. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2024**

## Second Semester

**CE22202 – ENGINEERING MECHANICS FOR CIVIL ENGINEERS** 

(Civil Engineering)

(Regulation 2022)

#### **TIME: 3 HOURS MAX. MARKS: 100** COURSE STATEMENT **OUTCOMES** Upon successful completion of the course, the students should be able to Apply the concepts of mechanics to solve problems on statics of particles in two and **CO1** three dimensions **CO 2** Solve problems on equilibrium of rigid bodies in two and three dimensions Evaluate centroid and moment of inertias of simple plane figures and composite plane **CO3** areas **CO**4 Determine member forces in truss using different methods of analysis **CO 5** Draw the Shear force and Bending moment diagrams for determinate beams

## **PART-** A (20 x 2 = 40 Marks)

(Answer all Questions)

|    |   | CO | RBT   |
|----|---|----|-------|
|    |   |    | LEVEL |
| 1. | The vertical component of force F in the figure is 100 N upward through O. Find the | 1  | 2     |
|    | force F and its horizontal component.   |    |       |



2. Resolve the given force shown in figure into component along x axis.

2

2

1

1

RBT

LEVEL

3

3

3

3

3



- Distinguish between coplanar concurrent and Coplanar non-concurrent system of forces 1 2 with figures.
- 4. Explain the Lami's theorem with figure
- Determine the moment about O of the force F=75 N acting along the side of equilateral 2 2 triangle shown in figure having length of side 5 cm.



6. Replace the force 180 N by an equivalent force couple system at A



| 7.  | Explain the Varignon's theorem.   | 2  | 2            |
|-----|---|----|--------------|
| 8.  | How do you find the x and y intercepts of resultant of non-concurrent force system?   | 2  | 2            |
| 9.  | Derive the centroid of a triangular area from first principles  | 3  | 2            |
| 10. | Find the centroid of a T-section with a flange dimension 100 mm x20 mm and a web dimension 100 mmx20 mm.                                | 3  | 2            |
| 11. | Determine the moment of inertia of a hollow circular section whose external diameter is   | 3  | 2            |
|     | 8 cm and internal diameter is 6 cm about centroidal axis.   |    |              |
| 12. | Find the moment of inertia of a square of side 'b' about ax axis through its centre of gravity.   | 3  | 2            |
| 13. | Distinguish between deficient frame and a redundant frame.  | 4  | 2            |
| 14. | Under what circumstances the method of section is preferred in truss member force analysis?   | 4  | 2            |
| 15. | In a pin jointed frame the no. of joints are 6, find the no. of members for a perfect frame?  | 4  | 2            |
| 16. | Sketch the truss which is statically indeterminate.   | 4  | 2            |
| 17. | A simply supported beam of span 6 m carries a concentrated load of 12 kN at 2 m from the left support. What is the maximum shear force? | 5  | 2            |
| 18. | A cantilever beam of length 4m carries a concentrated load of 10 kN at 2m from the free end. Sketch the bending moment diagram.         | 5  | 2            |
| 19. | Sketch the bending stress distribution in a cantilever beam indicating the nature of stresses.  | 5  | 2            |
| 20. | A rectangular section 30 mm x 40 mm is subjected to a shear force of 12 kN. What is the maximum shear stress setup in the beam?         | 5  | 2            |
|     | PART- B (5 x 10 = 50 Marks)   |    |              |
|     | Marks   | CO | RBT<br>LEVEL |

21. (a) For the system shown determine (i) the required value of α if resultant of (10) 1 3 three forces is to be vertical and (ii) the corresponding magnitude of resultant.



(b) Two spheres A and B of weight 1000 N and 750 N, respectively are kept as (10) 1 3 shown in the figure. Determine the reactions at all contact points 1, 2, 3 and 4. Radius of A= 400 mm and radius of B=300 mm.

3



22. (a) Find the resultant of the force system shown in figure. Radius = 2.5 m. (10) 2



### (**OR**)

(b) Calculate the support reactions for the beam shown in figure. (10) 2 3



23. (a) Three plates ABC, BCDE and DEF are welded together as shown in figure. (10) 3 3
Circle of diameter 1.5 m is cut from the composite plate. Determine the centroid of the remaining area.





(b) Find the centroid of the unequal I-section shown in figure and calculate (10) 3 3
 Moment of Inertia (M.I.) about the centroidal x and y axis. Also find M.I. about base. All dimensions shown in figure are in mm.



24. (a) Find the forces in the members DF, DE and CE of the given truss using (10) 4 3 method of sections.



(b) Determine the forces in the members BC, CE, CD of the truss shown in (10) 4 3 figure using method of joints.



25. (a) A simply supported beam of span 6 m carries loads of 30 kN & 24 kN at (10) 5 3 distances of 2 m and 3 m from the left end. Compute the reactions and draw the SFD and BMD.

(**OR**)

(b) A beam of rectangular cross section 200 mm deep and 100 mm wide is (10) 5 3 subjected to a pure sagging bending moment of 500 kNm. Determine the maximum bending stress in the beam. If the value of modulus of elasticity for the beam material is 200 kN/mm<sup>2</sup>, find the radius of curvature of that portion of the beam. Also calculate the value of bending stress at a distance of 25 mm below the top surface of the beam.

| PART- | C | (1    | X | 10 | = | 10 | Ma | arl | (S) |
|-------|---|-------|---|----|---|----|----|-----|-----|
|       |   | · · · |   |    |   |    |    |     |     |

| (Q.No.26 is compulsory)  | Marks | со | RBT        |
|--|-------|----|------------|
| The cross section of a beam is a T-section as shown in Fig. The beam carries   | (10)  | 5  | LEVEI<br>3 |
| a constant shear of 25 kN. Sketch the shear stress distribution indicating the |       |    |            |
| salient values on them.  |       |    |            |



26.

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