

Reg. No.

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**B.E. / B.TECH. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2024**

Second Semester

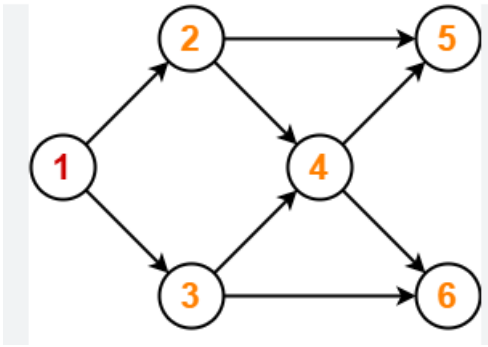
**AD22201 – DATA STRUCTURES AND ALGORITHM ANALYSIS***(Artificial Intelligence and Data Science)***(Regulation 2022)****TIME: 3 HOURS****MAX. MARKS: 100**

COURSE OUTCOMES	STATEMENT	RBT LEVEL
CO 1	Design and analyse time and space complexities of algorithms using different design techniques for various computing problems	2
CO 2	Solve problems using suitable linear data structures	3
CO 3	Solve problems using suitable nonlinear tree data structures	3
CO 4	Demonstrate the use of graph algorithms for solving problems	3
CO 5	Design algorithms using advanced algorithm design techniques	3

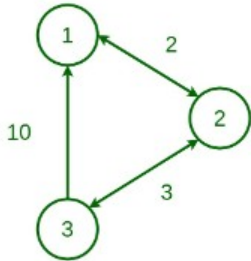
**PART- A (20 x 2 = 40 Marks)**

(Answer all Questions)

	CO	RBT LEVEL
1. Describe about the best case, average case and worst case.	1	2
2. What is called brute force approach?	1	2
3. Define divide and conquer strategy.	1	2
4. What is called recurrences?	1	2
5. Draw a sample circular queue.	2	2
6. Check the balancing symbol using stack for the following expression. (P+Q)*(R-S)	2	3
7. Define open addressing in hashing.	2	2
8. Justify doubly linked list more useful than a singly linked list and give its notation?	2	3
9. How many nodes will a complete binary tree with 27 nodes have in the last level? What will be the height of the tree?	3	3
10. Define B-Trees.	3	2
11. What is splay tree?	3	2
12. List down the advantages of priority queues.	3	2
13. Give the topological sorting for the given graph.	4	3



14. Draw the minimum spanning tree for the following graph. 4      3



- |                                                     |   |   |
|-----------------------------------------------------|---|---|
| 15. Differentiate BFS & DFS.                        | 4 | 2 |
| 16. Write the applications of graphs.               | 4 | 2 |
| 17. State n-queens problem.                         | 5 | 2 |
| 18. Define optimal binary search tree.              | 5 | 2 |
| 19. Define knapsack problem.                        | 5 | 2 |
| 20. Differentiate NP-Complete and NP-Hard problems. | 5 | 2 |

**PART- B (5 x 10 = 50 Marks)**

- |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Marks       | CO | RBT LEVEL |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|----|-----------|
| 21. (a) Apply the quick sort on the below listed elements and provide the pseudo code neatly. In which way, you are going to pick the pivot element. Justify it.<br>List = 10, 80, 30, 225, 90, 40, 50, 70, 121                                                       | <b>(10)</b> | 1  | 2         |
| <b>(OR)</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |             |    |           |
| (b) Explain the growth of functions in algorithm. Write about the asymptotic notations in detail.                                                                                                                                                                     | <b>(10)</b> | 1  | 2         |
| 22. (a) Create a singly linked list with the Key elements 11, 22, 34, 44, 55, 66.<br>Perform the following ADT operations and with the pseudo code<br>(i) Insert a new node with element '25' at position 3.<br>(ii) Delete Last node of the list.<br>(iii) Search 34 | <b>(10)</b> | 2  | 3         |

**(OR)**

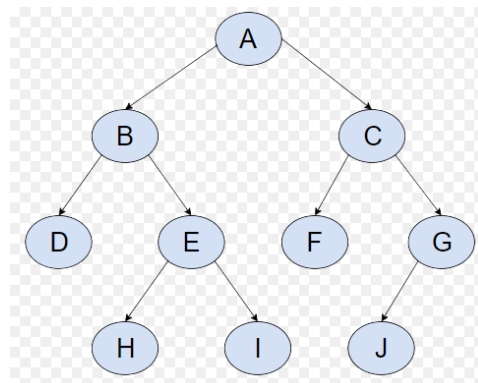
- (b) Convert the expression given below into its corresponding postfix expression and then evaluate it. Also write pseudo code to evaluate a postfix expression. (10) 2 3  
 $15 + ((8 - 4) + 10)/2.$

23. (a) Consider the empty binary search tree. Now do the following operations: (10) 3 3  
 Insert 11, 22, 33, 44, 55, 66, and 77 in the tree.  
 Find the result of in-order, pre-order, and post-order traversals. Show the deletion of the root node and 55. Write the pseudo code for the above operations.

(OR)

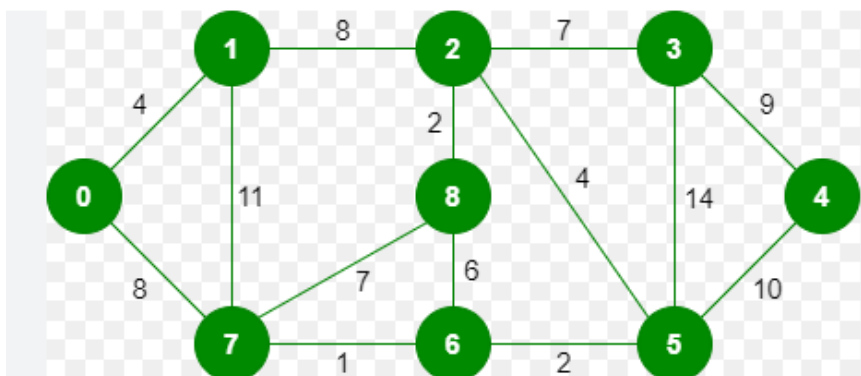
- (b) Create an AVL tree using the following sequence of data: 16, 27, 9, 11, 36, (10) 3 3  
 54, 81, 63, 72. Write the rules and pseudo code for Single LL, RR rotations.

24. (a) Explain in detail about Breadth First Search and Depth First Search. Write (10) 4 3  
 the BFS & DFS traversal for the following graph.



(OR)

- (b) (i) Explain in detail about kruskal's algorithm with a proper pseudocode. (10) 4 3  
 Solve the following graph using kruskal's algorithm.



25. (a) Write the algorithm for assignment problem. Solve the following assignment (10) 5 3

problem.

	Job 1	Job 2	Job 3	Job 4
A	9	2	7	8
B	6	4	3	7
C	5	8	1	8
D	7	6	9	4

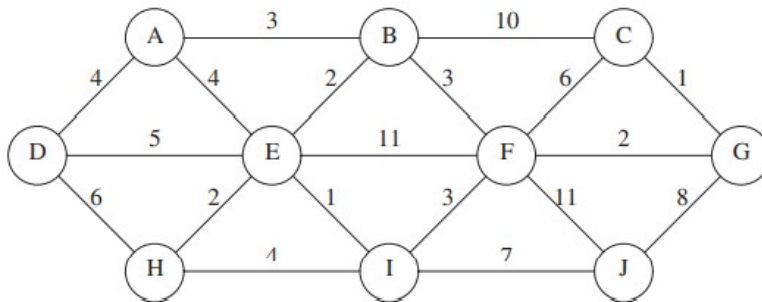
(OR)

- (b)1. Write an algorithm for Huffman code. Find an optimal Huffman Code for the following set of frequencies: a: 50 b: 25 c: 15 d: 40 e: 75 (10) 5 3

**PART- C (1 x 10 = 10 Marks)**  
(Q.No.26 is compulsory)

Marks CO RBT LEVEL

26. Write the pseudocode for the prim's algorithm. Find a minimum spanning tree for the given graph by considering A as a starting node using Prim's algorithm. (10) 4 5



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